

LOCAL SERVICE TARIFF
PUCO NO. 1

CINCINNATI BELL EXTENDED TERRITORIES LLC

Section 1
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DEFINITIONS

A. Basic Local Exchange Service (“BLES”)

Basic Local Exchange Service has the same meaning as set forth in Section 4927.01(A)(1), Ohio Revised Code.

B. Central Office

A switching unit, in a telecommunications system providing service to the general public, having the necessary equipment and operating arrangements for terminating and interconnecting lines and trunks. More than one central office may be located in the same building.

C. Class of Service

Exchange service described by the use to be made of such service. The Company furnishes two classes of service, nonresidence and residence. Pay telephone access lines are treated the same as nonresidence service unless otherwise noted in this tariff.

D. Commission

The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (“PUCO”)

E. Communications Systems

Channels and other facilities which are capable of telecommunications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Company-provided terminal equipment, when not connected to exchange and long distance message telecommunications service.

F. Company

Cincinnati Bell Extended Territories LLC (“CBET”)

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By: Ted Heckmann, Assistant Secretary
and Managing Director, Regulatory Affairs

In accordance with
Case No. 11-2968-TP-ATA

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DEFINITIONS

G. Continuous Property

The plot of ground, together with any buildings thereon, occupied by the customer, which is not separated by public highways or by property occupied by others. Where a customer occupies properties on both sides of a street, alley, highway, body of water, railroad right of way, etc., and the properties would otherwise be continuous, such properties are treated as continuous property provided local wire or cable facilities are used and the customer furnishes all local distribution pole line facilities or underground conduit required in connection with the wire or cable.

For the purpose of determining the application of charges, continuous property is additionally defined as follows when apartments, office buildings, or shopping center malls occupied by more than one customer are involved:

For residence service, the apartment occupied by the customer.

For nonresidence service, the space (single office, or two or more offices on same or different floors) occupied by the customer, whether or not separated by space occupied by others, except that when the customer vacates the space from which service is being relocated, the relocation is considered to involve non-continuous property.

H. Contract

The service agreement between a customer and the Company under which facilities for the use of the customer are furnished in accordance with the provisions of this tariff.

I. Customer

The person, firm, or corporation that orders service and is responsible for the payment of charges and compliance with the rules and regulations of the Company.

J. Customer-Provided Terminal Equipment

Devices or apparatus and their associated wiring provided by a customer, which do not constitute a communications system and which, when connected to the communications path of the telecommunications system, are connected either electrically, acoustically, or inductively.

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DEFINITIONS

K. Demarcation Point (Network Interface)

The point of demarcation and/or interconnection between Company communications facilities and terminal equipment, protective apparatus or wiring at a customer's premises. Company installed facilities at or constituting the demarcation point will consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the FCC's rules. "Premises" as used in this section generally means a dwelling unit, other building or a legal unit of real property such as a lot on which a dwelling unit is located, as determined by the Company's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices. The "minimum point of entry" as used in this section will be either (1) the closest practicable point to where the wiring crosses a property line or (2) the closest practicable point to where the wiring enters a multiunit building or buildings. The Company's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices will determine which of (1) or (2) will apply. The Company is not precluded from establishing reasonable classifications of multiunit premises for purposes of determining which of (1) or (2) above will apply. Multiunit premises include, but are not limited to, residential, commercial, shopping center and campus situations.

1. Single Unit Installations

For single unit installations existing as of December 27, 1991, and installations installed after that date, the demarcation point will be a point within twelve inches of the protector or, where there is no protector, within twelve inches of where the telephone wire enters the customer's premises.

2. Multiunit Installations

In multiunit premises existing as of December 27, 1991, the demarcation point will be determined in accordance with the Company's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices; provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer will not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

In multiunit premises in which wiring is installed after December 27, 1991, including additions, modifications and rearrangements of wiring existing prior to that date, the multiunit premises owner will determine the location of the demarcation point or points. The multiunit premises owner will determine whether there will be a single demarcation point location for all customers or separate locations for each customer; provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer will not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

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DEFINITIONS

L. Exchange

A unit established for the administration of telecommunications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town, or village and its environs. It consists of one or more central offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing telecommunications service within that area.

M. Exchange Access Line

Denotes all equipment and facilities from the central office line up to and including the Company provided and maintained network interface or demarcation point on a customer's premises, encompassing the central office line and all lines connected to a central office line for access to an exchange.

N. Exchange Service

The service of furnishing facilities for telecommunications within a local service area, in accordance with regulations, rates, and charges specified in this tariff.

O. Flat Rate Service

Customer exchange service for which a stipulated monthly rate is charged, covering all local message use within a defined area.

P. Initial Charge (Nonrecurring Charge)

A nonrecurring charge associated with the installation of certain services or facilities, either in lieu of or in addition to recurring monthly charges or other service type charges.

Q. Initial Service Period

The minimum length of time a customer is obligated to pay for service, facilities, or equipment whether or not retained by the customer for that minimum length of time.

R. Inside Wire

The wire, including connectors, blocks, and jacks, which extends between the network interface or demarcation point of the exchange access line and standard jack locations within the customer's premises to which terminal equipment can be connected for access to the exchange access line.

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DEFINITIONS

S. Local Calling Area

The Local Calling Area is defined by exchange and is the geographical area within which a customer may make flat rate local calls and where long distance charges do not apply.

T. Local Channel

The portion of a circuit which connects a station with an interoffice channel

U. Network Control Signaling

The transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status, and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating re-order or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect, and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications system.

V. Network Interface Device (NID)

A jack conforming to Sub-part F of Part 68 of the FCC's rules provided by the Company as part of the Local Exchange Carrier (LEC) network. It will be located on the customer premises and is considered to be the termination of the LEC network if installed by the Company. (See Demarcation Point)

W. O.A.C.

Ohio Administrative Code

X. O.R.C.

Ohio Revised Code

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DEFINITIONS

Y. Per Call Number Privacy

Per Call Number Privacy enables customers to prevent the disclosure of their telephone number on a per call basis to the called party. Disclosure of the calling party's number can be prevented by dialing a preassigned access code before making the call. This action must be repeated each time a call is made to prevent disclosure of the calling party's telephone number. If the called party has a display device, a privacy indication will appear instead of the calling party's telephone number. Per Call Number Privacy is included as part of BLES.

Z. Service Agreement

Company provided document containing the terms, conditions, and pricing for detariffed telecommunications services. Service Agreements are available on the Company's web site.

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DEFINITIONS

AA. Service Area

Services Areas classify the exchanges served by the Company to reflect the service availability and applicable rates for the exchange because the availability of certain services is limited in certain areas due to the availability of specific facilities and the method of service provisioning. The Company has two Service Areas.

1. Service Area A

The following exchanges are in Service Area A:

Lebanon
Mason
Morrow
South Lebanon

2. Service Area B

The following exchanges are in Service Area B.

Beavercreek
Bellbrook
Camden -----(N)
Centerville
Dayton
Englewood
Fairborn
Franklin
Gratis -----(N)
Miamisburg - West Carrollton
Middletown
Monroe
Oxford
Springfield
Tipp City
Trenton
Trotwood
Troy
Vandalia
Xenia
Wilmington

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DEFINITIONS

BB. Service Commencement Date

The first day following the date on which the Company notifies the customer that the requested service or facility is available for use. This will be no later than five days following the request, unless extended by the customer's refusal to accept service which does not conform to standards set forth in the service order or this tariff, in which case the Service Commencement Date is the date of the customer's acceptance of service. The parties may mutually agree on a substitute Service Commencement Date.

CC. Station

The network control signaling unit and other equipment at the customer premises which enables the customer to establish the communications connection and to accomplish communications through such connections.

DD. Termination Charge

A charge applied to a customer when service is terminated before the expiration of the initial service period, or a charge applied where a basic termination charge is specified.

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